

Poster #C-1568
ASM 2011

An Evaluation of the New Sensititre AIM Performance Compared to the Existing Sensititre Autoincubator for MIC Determination

*S.B. Killian¹, C.C. Knapp¹, N.M. Holliday¹, C.M. Bastulli², A. Winter¹, K.L. Powell¹, J.M. Streit³, R.R. Prochaska², R.N. Jones², P.R. Rhomborg², M.R. Jacobs³, S. Bajaksouzian³
¹ TREK Diagnostic Systems, Cleveland, OH, ²JMI Laboratories, North Liberty, IA ³ University Hospitals, Cleveland, OH

Scott Killian
TREK Diagnostic Systems Clinical Affairs
982 Keynote Circle, Suite 6
Cleveland, Ohio 44131
Phone: 1-800-871-8909
Email: skillian@magellanbio.com



Abstract

Background: The Sensititre® AIM™ is a microprocessor controlled instrument that delivers inoculum in 50µl multiples to the 96 wells of a Sensititre susceptibility plate comparable to the existing autoincubator. An evaluation was undertaken to determine the substantial equivalence of the Sensititre AIM with the existing Sensititre Autoincubator. **Methods:** Studies for performance comparison on the Sensititre AIM and the existing Autoincubator were conducted at three trial sites using the Sensititre® 18-24 hour susceptibility system for non-fastidious, fastidious and yeast isolates. The study consisted of the following clinical non-fastidious, fastidious and yeast isolates at each of the three sites: 147 Gram negative, 145 Gram positive, 240 Streptococcus spp. isolates, 145 Haemophilus spp. isolates, 228 Candida spp. isolates, and a common set of 125 reproducibility isolates. CDC Challenge isolates were only tested at one site and consisted of: 75 Gram negative, 75 Gram positive, 75 Streptococcus spp., 50 Haemophilus spp., and 75 Candida spp. isolates. Isolates were tested on plates containing cleared FDA antimicrobials for the Sensititre 18-24 hour dried susceptibility system. The plates were inoculated and read as per manufacturers' instructions. Recommended quality control (QC) organisms were tested daily and all MIC results were within the expected QC ranges. **Results:** The results for the data sets representing the non-fastidious, fastidious, and yeast isolates for the overall essential agreement rate (v/- 1 log₂ dilution of the AIM compared to the existing autoincubator) were 99.6% and 99.9% for isolates read on the AutoReader, 99.9% and 99.6% for the Vizion, and 99.2% for yeast isolates read on the manual mirror. The overall categorical agreement according to the FDA MIC interpretive categories comparing the AIM to the existing autoincubator, was 98.9% and 98.9% for the AutoReader, 99.2% and 99.9% for the Vizion, and 98.8% for manual mirror reads. Reproducibility results were calculated for the combined sites plus or minus one dilution of the modal value and resulted in 99.4% for the AutoReader, 98.7% for the Vizion, and 99.6% for manual mirror reads. **Conclusions:** The new Sensititre AIM demonstrated excellent MIC correlation compared to the existing Sensititre Autoincubator.

Introduction

The Sensititre® AIM™ System is an automated device recently developed for inoculum delivery into the 96 well Sensititre plates. The AIM was designed to dose single and multi-isolate plates with either 50µl or 100µl per well. It has a smaller foot print to fit in any lab and is operated by means of an icon driven touch screen.

Objective

A multi-site study was undertaken to validate the AIM's performance versus the existing Sensititre Autoincubator. The study compared the performance of non-fastidious gram positive and gram negative organisms, Streptococcus spp., Haemophilus spp. and Candida spp. read on both the Sensititre AutoReader and Vizion.

Methods and Materials

Susceptibility Testing Methods:

*The Sensititre® AIM™ is intended for use with the Sensititre® MIC or BP Susceptibility Test System. The Sensititre® AIM™ is an instrument used to inoculate Sensititre® MIC or BP Susceptibility plates.

*The Sensititre® 18-24 hour MIC or breakpoint susceptibility system is an in vitro diagnostic product for clinical susceptibility testing of fastidious and non-fastidious organisms.

•Sensititre 18 – 24 susceptibility plates containing cleared FDA antimicrobials, were tested according to the manufacturers' instructions.

*Each isolate was tested on 3 plates using the AIM™ and existing Autoincubator and was read on both the Sensititre AutoReader and Vizion.

*Testing consisted of 1239 fresh clinical isolates, 145 Gram positive isolates, 147 Gram negative isolates, 240 Streptococcus spp., 145 Haemophilus influenzae isolates and 303 yeast isolates supplied by all sites, and 250 challenge isolates supplied to a single testing site. (Table 1).

*The reproducibility study was performed at 3 trial sites was measured against: 25 Gram negative isolates, 25 Gram positive isolates, 25 Streptococcus spp., 25 Haemophilus spp., 25 Candida spp. on the Sensititre 18-24 hour susceptibility plate. (Table 1).

*Quality control was assured by testing 20 replicates of each ATCC strain. All MIC results were within expected QC ranges. (Table 2).

*Colony counts were performed on the inoculum of the QC strains on each day of testing.

Organism	Count
Staphylococcus aureus	89
Staphylococcus spp.	61
Enterococcus spp.	56
Beta hemolytic Streptococcus spp.	157
Streptococcus pneumoniae	84
Viridans Streptococcus spp.	72
Haemophilus influenzae	155
Candida spp.	303
Escherichia coli	40
Morganella morganii	8
Providencia spp.	10
Klebsiella spp.	30
Prutusa spp.	17
Citrobacter spp.	10
Enterobacter spp.	24
Serratia spp.	20
Burkholderia cepacia	1
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27
Acinetobacter spp.	19
Pseudomonas spp.	13
Stenotrophomonas maltophilia	1
Aeromonas hydrophila	2
TOTAL	1239

Organism	ATCC
Staphylococcus aureus	ATCC 29213
Enterococcus faecalis	ATCC 29212, ATCC 51299
Escherichia coli	ATCC 25922, 35218
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	ATCC 27853
Streptococcus pneumoniae	ATCC 49619
Haemophilus influenzae	ATCC 49247, ATCC 49766
Candida parapsilosis	ATCC 22019
Candida krusei	ATCC 6258
Staphylococcus aureus	ATCC BAA-976, ATCC BAA-977

Results

Organism	Total Isolates Tested	% Essential agreement	% Categorical agreement
Staphylococcus aureus	89	99.8	99.4
Staphylococcus spp. (CNS)	61	99.4	99.5
Enterococcus spp.	56	100	98.2
Beta-hemolytic group Streptococcus spp. (BHG)	11	100	100
Enterobacteriaceae	161	99.8	98.7
Non-Enterobacteriaceae	32	99.3	97.4
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27	100	100
Acinetobacter baumannii	12	100	97.6
Streptococcus pneumoniae	84	99.2	97.7
Viridans Streptococcus spp.	72	99.8	99.1
Beta-hemolytic group Streptococcus spp. (BHG)	157	99.7	99.8

Organism	Total Isolates Tested	% Essential agreement	% Categorical agreement
Staphylococcus aureus	88	99.9	99.2
Staphylococcus spp. (CNS)	63	99.9	99.3
Enterococcus spp.	57	100	98.9
Beta-hemolytic group Streptococcus spp. (BHG)	12	100	100
Enterobacteriaceae	161	99.9	98.4
Non-Enterobacteriaceae	22	99.3	98.7
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27	100	100
Acinetobacter baumannii	12	100	98.8
Streptococcus pneumoniae	89	99.6	97.5
Viridans Streptococcus spp.	72	99.3	98.4
Beta-hemolytic group Streptococcus spp. (BHG)	156	99.8	100
Haemophilus spp.	195	99.5	99.2
**Candida spp. (Mirror)	303	99.9	99.2

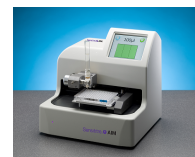
**Candida spp. is not FDA cleared to read on the VIZION

Instrument	Sensititre Vizion		Sensititre Autoread		Sensititre Mirror	
	% Overall	25N/25P/25H	% Overall	25N/25P/25S	% Overall	25Y
AIM vs. Existing Autoincubator	% Essential Agreement (off scale result is within one well from the mode)	99.2/99.3/99.3	% Essential Agreement (off scale result is within one well from the mode)	99.4/99.3/99.4	% Essential Agreement (off scale result is within one well from the mode)	99.6

25 Gram negative isolates, (N)25 Gram positive isolates, (P)25 Streptococcus spp., (S)25 Haemophilus spp., (H)25 Candida spp., (Y)

Summary

Performance Characteristics (Clinical and Challenge data)
The AIM was validated in the following manner: A variety of clinical and challenge isolates, including isolates with current resistance patterns were tested on the AIM and the performance was compared to the existing Autoincubator. The results for the data sets representing the non-fastidious, fastidious, and yeast isolates for the overall essential agreement rate (v/- 1 log₂ dilution of the AIM compared to the existing autoincubator) were 99.7%, 99.9% for the AutoReader, 99.8% for the Vizion, and 99.2% for mirror reads. The overall categorical agreement (qualitative (S,I,R)), according to the FDA MIC interpretive categories comparing the AIM to the existing autoincubator, was 99% for the AutoReader, 99% for the Vizion, and 98.8% for mirror reads. (Tables 3 and 4)



Interlaboratory Reproducibility Data: Testing was performed on the AIM and existing autoincubator using Sensititre plates read on the Vizion, AutoReader, and mirror. Reproducibility was calculated as occurrences of the difference in number of wells between the test result and test mode. Percentages of results were calculated for the combined sites plus or minus one dilution of the modal value (Please refer to Table 5 for results).

Conclusions

This study validates that the new Sensititre AIM demonstrates excellent correlation when compared to the existing Sensititre Autoincubator. The high level of essential and categorical agreements obtained with the Sensititre AIM suggests that this is an acceptable inoculation method for Sensititre MIC plates in the clinical, vet and pharmaceutical laboratory.

References

Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. 2009. Methods for Dilution Antimicrobial Susceptibility Tests for Bacteria that Grow Aerobically. Approved Standard-Eighth Edition. Approved document M07-A8. Wayne, PA: CLSI.
Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. 2011. Performance Standards for Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing, 21st Informational Supplement M100-S21. Wayne, PA: CLSI.